

From molecular structure to material properties:
study of the chemical neighborhood of well-
ordered and or chemical modified cellulose
surfaces

Gunnar Westman

CNC with different sulphate content

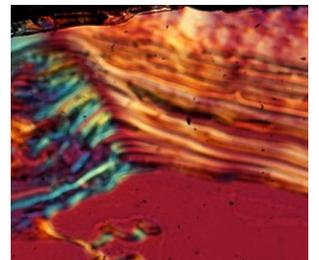
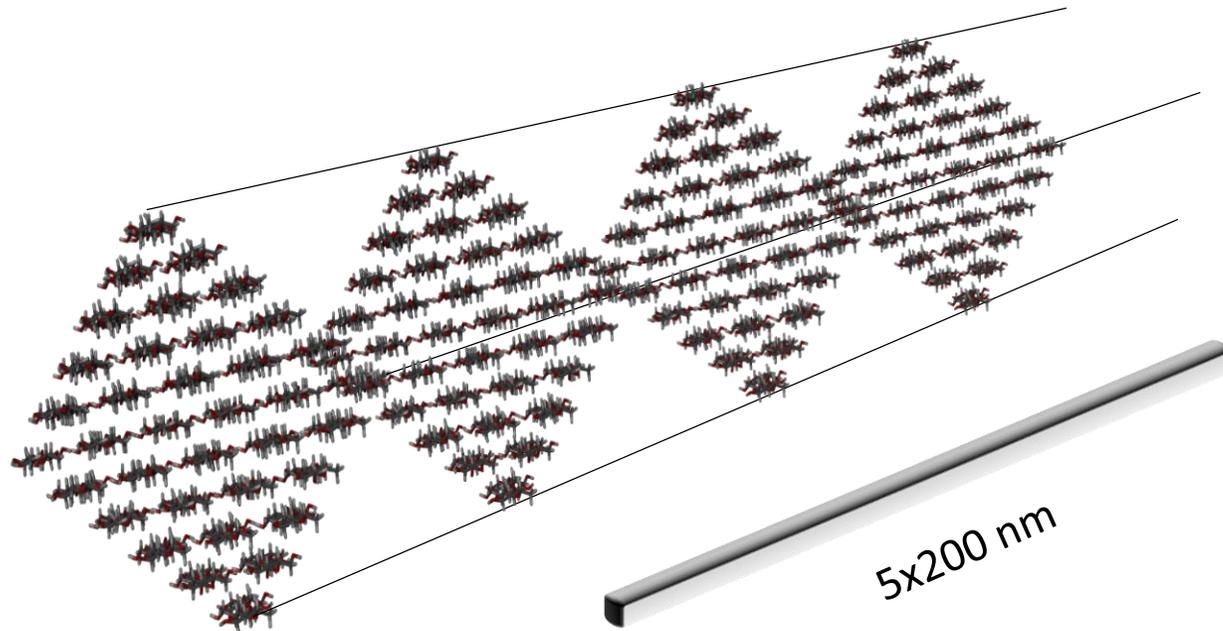
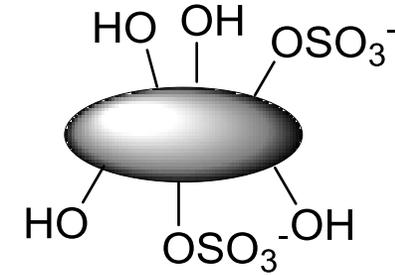
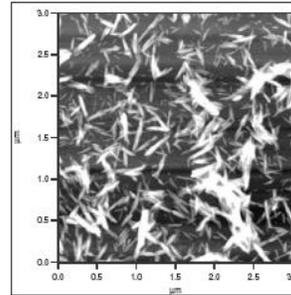
MCC

Pulp

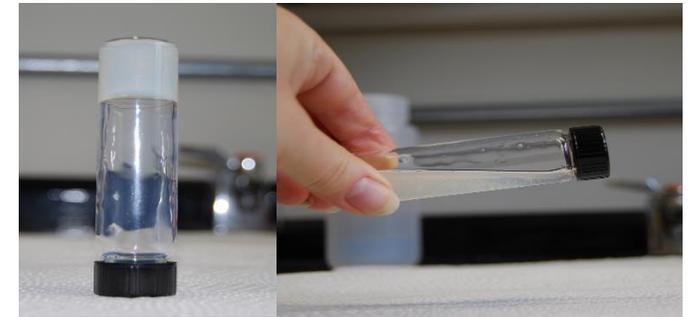
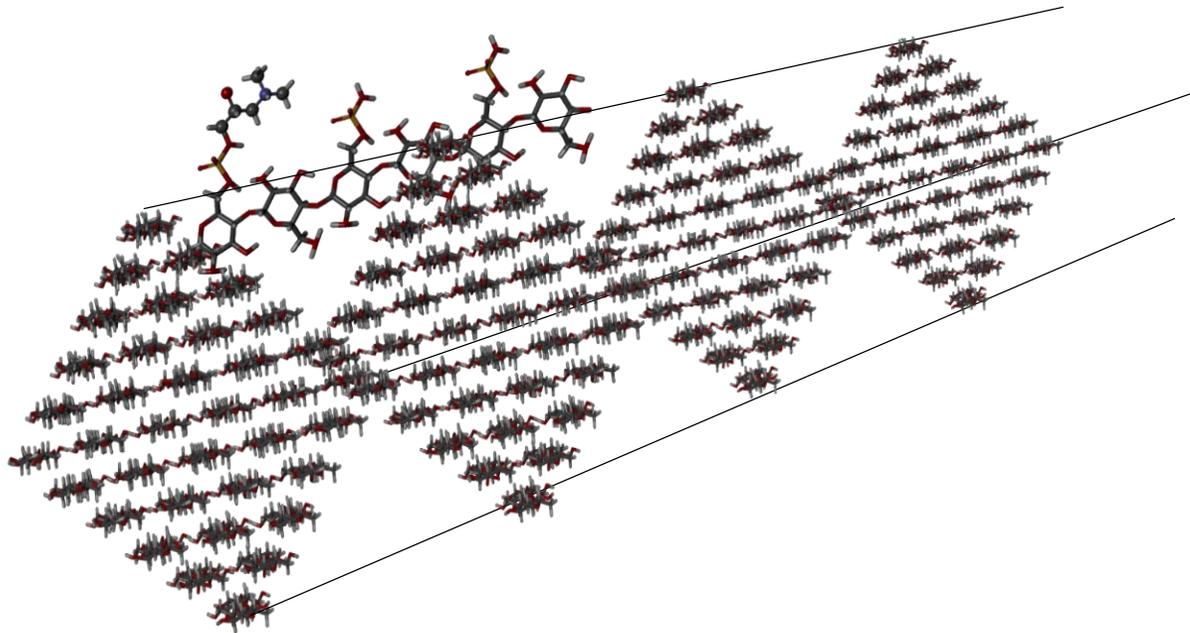
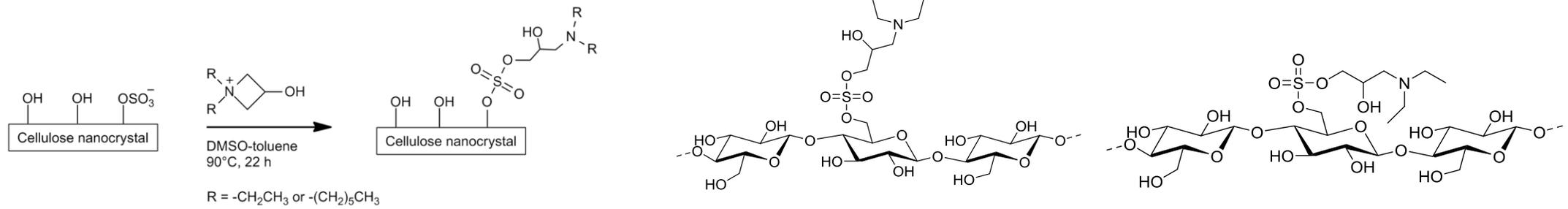
Side stream, hemicellulose extraction



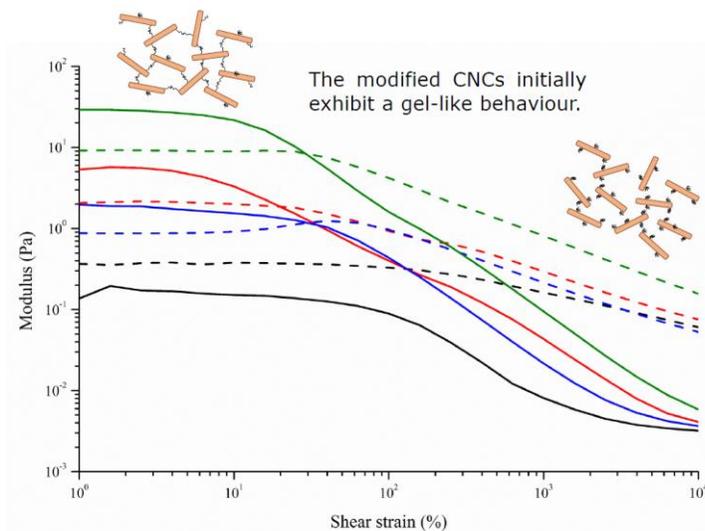
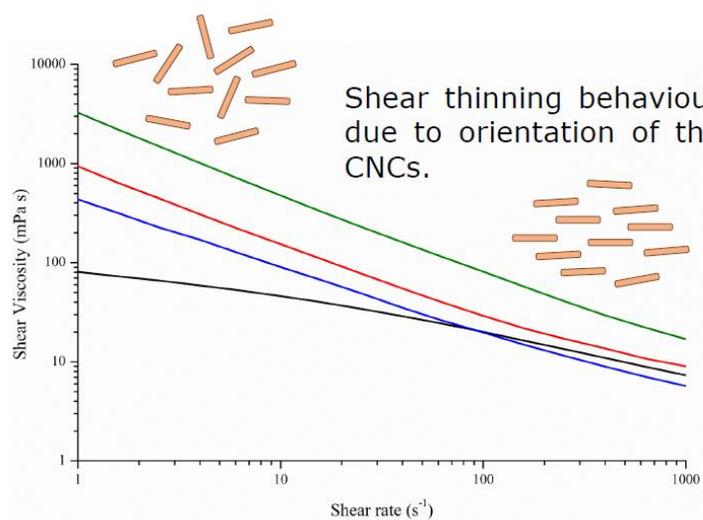
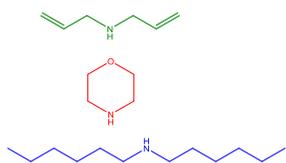
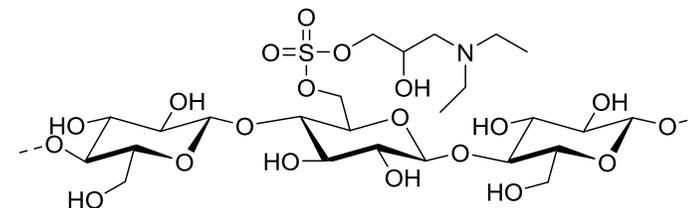
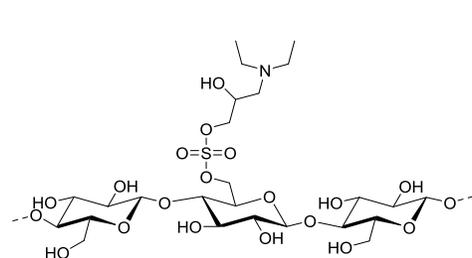
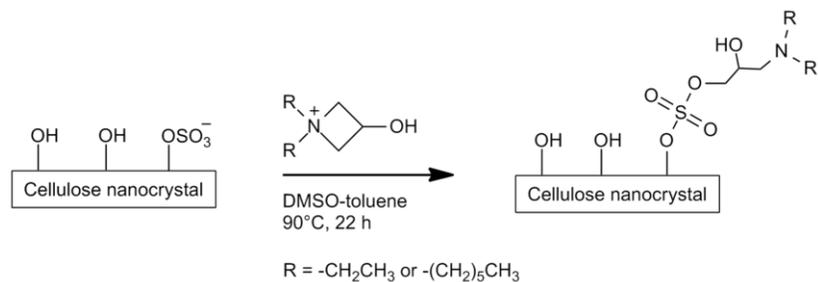
controlled acid hydrolysis



Chemical modification affect mesostructure

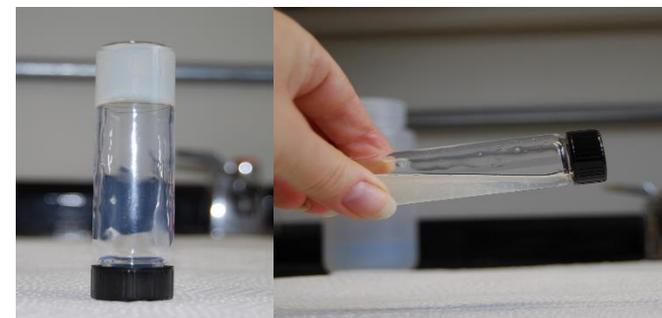


Interface CNC particles and/or matrix



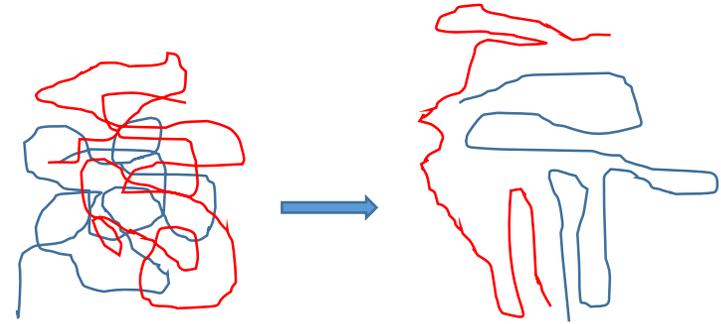
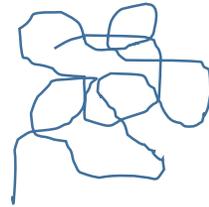
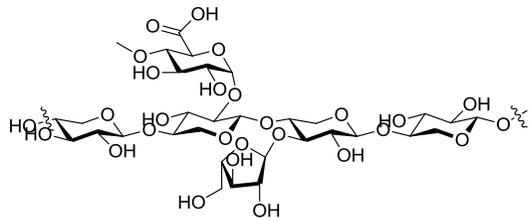
Flow curve for unmodified CNC, CNC-Morph-Az, CNC-Dihex-Az and CNC-Diall-Az.

Storage (—) and loss (---) modulus for unmodified CNC, CNC-Morph-Az, CNC-Dihex-Az and CNC-Diall-Az.

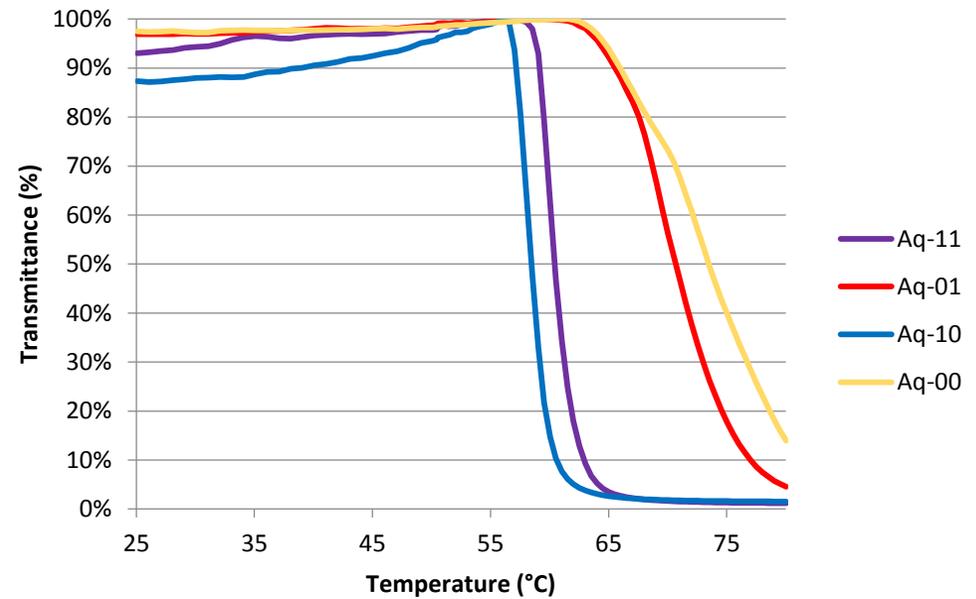
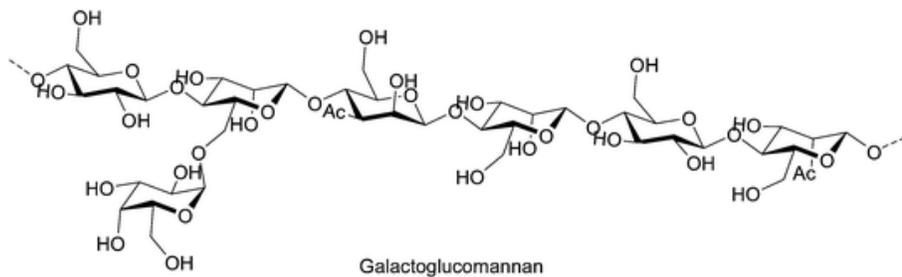
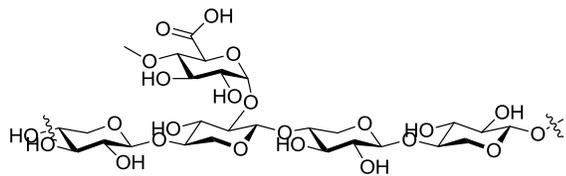


Hemicelluloses

L-arabino-4-O-methyl-D-Glucurono-D-Xylan



4-O-methyl-D-Glucurono-D-Xylan



Questions

Detect small amount of specific atomic structure, molecular fragments

Assign how substituents are aligned on or out from particle surface

In dilute water solution

Interaction with matrix

If we have broad structure distribution (hemicellulose) what is possible to assign?

Chemical structure, conformation, aggregation?

under variable temperature, shear (rheology), pressure

Combine molecular modelling, prototypes with high resolution structure